

# SCTE • ISBE<sup>®</sup>

## S T A N D A R D S

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**Network Operations Subcommittee**

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**AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD**

**ANSI/SCTE 38-11 2017**

**HMS Headend Management Information Base (MIB)**  
**SCTE-HMS-HEADENDIDENT-MIB**

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140 Philips Road

Exton, PA 19341

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## SCOPE

This document is identical to SCTE 38-11 2008 except for informative components which may have been updated such as the title page, NOTICE text, headers and footers. No normative changes have been made to this document.

This document provides the branch object identifiers for each of the MIBs within the SCTE HMS HEADENDIDENT Tree.

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## NORMATIVE REFERENCE

IETF RFC 2578 SNMPv2-SMI

IETF RFC 2579 SNMPv2-TC

IETF RFC 2580 SNMPv2-CONF

SCTE 36 2007 SCTE-ROOT Management Information Base (MIB) Definitions

SCTE 37 2008 Hybrid Fiber/Coax Outside Plant Status Monitoring SCTE-HMS-ROOTS Management Information Base (MIB) Definition

## INFORMATIVE REFERENCE

None

## TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

This document defines the following terms:

**Management Information Base (MIB)** – the specification of information in a manner that allows standard access through a network management protocol.

## REQUIREMENTS

This section defines the mandatory syntax of the SCTE-HMS-HEADENDIDENT-MIB. It follows the IETF Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) for defining managed objects.

The syntax is given below.

```

SCTE-HMS-HEADENDIDENT-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS
    Integer32, Unsigned32, OBJECT-IDENTITY, MODULE-IDENTITY
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    DisplayString, TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
    insidePlantIdent
        FROM SCTE-HMS-ROOTS; -- see ANSI_SCTE 37 (formerly HMS072)

headEndIdentMib MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "200801161300Z"
    ORGANIZATION "SCTE HMS Working Group"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "    SCTE HMS Subcommittee, Chairman
         mailto:standards@scte.org"

    DESCRIPTION
        "The MIB module is for representing optical equipment
        present in the headend (or indoor) and is supported by
        a SNMP agent. This module defines the root OID (under
        the scteHmsTree) for the indoor optic device MIBs such
        as Optical transmitters, receivers, amplifiers etc.
        This module also defines textual conventions that are
        common across indoor devices."

    REVISION "200801161300Z"
    DESCRIPTION
        "Changed due to Comment Resolution Meeting."

    REVISION "200710030000Z" -- Oct 03, 2007
    DESCRIPTION
        "added heDigital and heManagedServer to the mib tree."

    ::= { insidePlantIdent 0 }

-- Registration subtree

heOptics    OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Defines the base OID for the inside plant optical
equipment
        (see SCTE 83-1, formerly HMS108) including, but not limited
to,
        optical transmitters (see SCTE 85-1, formerly HMS112),
        optical receivers (see SCTE 85-2, formerly HMS113),
        optical amplifiers (see SCTE 85-3, formerly HMS118),
        optical switches etc."
    ::= { insidePlantIdent 1 }

heBaseIdent OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Defines the base OID for the common part of the inside
plant"

```

equipment (see SCTE 84-1; formerly HMS111) including, but not limited to, power supplies (see SCTE 84-2; formerly HMS116), fans (see SCTE 84-3; formerly HMS117), etc."  
 ::= { insidePlantIdent 2 }

heCommon OBJECT-IDENTITY  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "Defines the base OID for the modelling of all indoor equipment(see SCTE 84-1; formerly HMS111)."  
 ::= { heBaseIdent 1 }

hePowerSupply OBJECT-IDENTITY  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "Defines the base OID for the modelling of indoor Power Supply(see SCTE 84-2; formerly HMS116)."  
 ::= { heBaseIdent 2 }

heFans OBJECT-IDENTITY  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "Defines the base OID for the modelling of indoor Fans (see SCTE 84-3; formerly HMS117)."  
 ::= { heBaseIdent 3 }

heHMTS OBJECT-IDENTITY  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "Defines the base of the HMTS (see SCTE 83-3; formerly HMS120)."  
 ::= { insidePlantIdent 3 }

heRF OBJECT-IDENTITY  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "Defines the base OID for the inside plant RF equipment (see SCTE 83-4, formerly HMS133) including, but not limited to, RF amplifiers (see SCTE 94-1, formerly HMS131), RF switches (see SCTE 94-2, formerly HMS132) etc."  
 ::= { insidePlantIdent 4 }

heDigital OBJECT-IDENTITY  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "Defines the base OID for the inside plant Digital devices including QAM, Encoders, Decoders, MPEG, IP etc ...."  
 ::= { insidePlantIdent 5 }

heManagedServer OBJECT-IDENTITY  
 STATUS current  
 DESCRIPTION  
 "Defines the base OID for the inside plant Managed Servers."

```

        Servers can be any machine that is used to serve data such
        as a video server, a timing server, a resource server
..etc"
    ::= { insidePlantIdent 6 }

-- Textual Conventions

HeTenthVolt ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d-1"
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This data type represents voltage levels that are normally
        expressed in volts. Units are in tenths of a volt;
        for example, -48.1 volts will be represented as -481."
    SYNTAX      Integer32

HeTenthdBm ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d-1"
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This data type represents power levels
        that are normally expressed in dBm. Units
        are in tenths of a dBm;
        for example, -5.1 dBm will be represented as -51."
    SYNTAX      Integer32

HeTenthdBmV ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d-1"
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This data type represents power levels
        that are normally expressed in dBmV. Units
        are in tenths of a dBmV;
        for example, -5.1 dBmV will be represented as -51."
    SYNTAX      Integer32

HeTenthCentigrade ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d-1"
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This data type represents temperature values that
        are normally expressed in Centigrade. Units are in
        tenths of a Centigrade;
        for example, -5.1 Centigrade will be represented as -51."
    SYNTAX      Integer32

HeHundredthNanoMeter ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "d-2"
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This data type represents wavelength values that
        are normally expressed in nano meters. Units are in
        hundredths of a NanoMeter;
        for example, 1550.56 nm will be represented as 155056."
    SYNTAX      Unsigned32

```

HeTenthdB ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

DISPLAY-HINT "d-1"

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This data type represents power levels that are normally expressed in dB. Units are in tenths of a dB; for example, -5.1 dB will be represented as -51."

SYNTAX Integer32

HeOnOffControl ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An enumerated value that provides a control of a particular

hardware or software parameter that usually represent some sort of switch.

A SET request with a value off(1) will cause the switch to be shut off.

A SET request with a value on(2) will cause the switch to be turned on.

A value meaningless(3) will be implemented by the variables that represent a switch with write-only access. A GET request for the value of the write-only variable shall return a value meaningless(3).

A SET request with a value meaningless(3) for the variable with write access shall have no effect and no exception is generated.

A value may be used by the variables with both read-write and write-only access.

The variables with read-only access shall be defined with the textual convention HeOnOffStatus."

SYNTAX INTEGER {

off(1),

on(2),

meaningless(3)

}

HeOnOffStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An enumerated value that provides a status of a particular hardware or software parameter that usually represent some sort of switch.

A value off(1) indicates the switch is off.

A value on(2) indicates the switch is on."

SYNTAX INTEGER {

off(1),

on(2)



}

HeFaultStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An enumerated value that provides a fault status of a particular hardware or software parameter that usually represent some sort of condition.

A value normal(1) indicates the normal condition.

A value fault(2) indicates the fault condition."

SYNTAX INTEGER {

normal(1),

fault(2)

}

HeLaserType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Laser type. Some example values are: unisolated FP, isolated FP, uncooled DFB, cooled DFB, ITU (up to 32 colors)."

SYNTAX DisplayString

HeMilliAmp ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

DISPLAY-HINT "d-3"

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This data type represents current levels that are normally expressed in amperes. Units are in milliamperes; for example, 2.1 Amperes would be expressed as 2100."

SYNTAX Unsigned32

HeHundredthWatts ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

DISPLAY-HINT "d-2"

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This data type represents power values that are normally expressed in watts. Units are in hundredths of a watt;

for example, 420 watts will be represented as 42000."

SYNTAX Unsigned32

END